

Right to receive a Good Faith Estimate

Explaining how much your medical care will cost

Under the law, health care providers need to give patients who do not have insurance or who are not using insurance an estimate of the bill for medical items and services.

- You have the right to receive a Good Faith Estimate for the total expected cost of any non-emergency items or services. This includes related costs like medical tests, prescription drugs, equipment, and hospital fees.
- Make sure your health care provider gives you a Good Faith Estimate in writing:
 - When your medical service or item is scheduled at least 3 business days in advance: Not later than 1 business day after the date of scheduling.
 - When your medical service or item is scheduled at least 10 business days in advance: Not later than 3 business days after the date of scheduling.
- You can also ask your health care provider, and any other provider you choose, for a Good Faith Estimate before you schedule an item or service, and they must provide it no later than 3 business days after your request.
- If you receive a bill that is at least \$400 more than your Good Faith Estimate, you can dispute the bill.
- Make sure to save a copy or picture of your Good Faith Estimate.

For questions or more information about your right to a Good Faith Estimate, visit www.cms.gov/nosurprises or call 1-800-985-3059.